

Appendix 1

Rame Peninsula Neighbourhood Development Plan Legal Compliance Check				
Stage	Description	Relevant legislation and regulations	Actions	Compliant
Definition of a neighbourhood area	An area that is designated by the LPA as a neighbourhood area when a parish council applies	1990Act 61G (1) (2)		
Information on receipt of area application for a NDP	The information that should be submitted to the LPA is: 1. A map identifying the area 2. Statement explaining why it is considered an appropriate neighbourhood area 3. Statement that the organisation making the application is a relevant body. If the application does not contain this information it should be returned.	Regulation 5 1990 Act 61G (2) b.	Rame with Maker applied to designate as a five Parish cluster. Application letter, with map, received 23 rd October 2012. The cluster includes Rame with Maker, Millbrook, Anthony, St John and Sheviock Parish Council's.	Yes
Publicising the application for the area NDP	The LPA should, as soon as possible after receipt of the application for area designation, publicise* the application on its website and in such other manner as they consider is likely to bring the area application to the attention of people who live, work or carry on business in the area to which the applications relates and invite representations for a period of not less than 6 weeks. The information to be publicised is: 1. a copy of the area application 2. details of how to make representations 3. details of the deadline for representations, not less than 6 weeks after the date of publication.	Regulation 6	Application publicised on CC website Advertisement placed in Cornish Guardian 23 rd November 2012. The Consultation ran between 23 rd November 2012 and 11 th January 2013. Information publicised as per Regulation 6	Yes

Determining the application criteria for a neighbourhood area	The LPA should be sure that parish council applications cover part or all of the Parish. In determining the application, the LPA must consider: 1. how desirable it is to designate the whole of the parish area as a neighbourhood area, and 2. how desirable it is to maintain the existing boundaries of areas already designated as neighbourhood areas (as designated neighbourhood areas must not overlap), as well as 3. whether they should designate the area as a business area.	1990 Act 61G (3) (4) (7) 61H (1)	Individual Portfolio Holder Decision Report 14 th February 2013 Decision notice 14 th February 2013.	Yes
Publicising a designation of a neighbourhood area	If the LPA approves the application it should publicise on its website its decision and: 1. the name of the neighbourhood area 2. a map identifying the area 3. the name of the parish council who applied for the designation.	Regulation 7	Publicised on CC website Advertised in Cornish Guardian 23 rd November 2012 Viewable on Online Planning Register PA12/00011/NDP	Yes
Definition of an NDP	“A plan which sets out policies (however expressed) in relation to the development and use of land in the whole or any part of a particular neighbourhood area specified in the plan”	2004 P & CP Act as amended by Localism Act Section 38 A (2)		Yes
Scope of NDP Provisions	1. The NDP must specify the period for which it is to have effect 2. It cannot include provision about development that is ‘excluded development’ 3. It cannot relate to more than one neighbourhood area or repeat an existing planning permission	2004 Act s 38B (1 & 2) (4)	1. Period 2016 – 2030 specified 2. Does not include ‘excluded development’ 3. Relates only to 1 neighbourhood area as designated and does not repeat an existing PP	Yes
Pre-submission consultation	Before submission to the LPA the qualifying body should: 1. publicise (but this does not have to be on a web	Regulation 14	Consultation from 16 th November 2015 until 28 th January 2016 Plan sent to Consultation Bodies	Yes

<p>by Parish council</p>	<p>site) in a way that is likely to bring to the attention of people who live work or carry on business in the area details of :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. the proposals, b. when and where they can be inspected, c. how to make representations, and d. the deadline for making representations – not less than 6 weeks from first publicised <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. consult any consultation body listed in The Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012 Schedule 1 whose interests they consider may be affected by the proposals for a NDP. 3. send a copy of the NDP to the LPA 		<p>listed in Schedule 1 Plan available to view on websites Publicised on the Neighbourhood plan and five individual Parish Council websites Copy sent to LPA Advertisement placed in Torpoint Advertiser Hard copies were available in various locations during the consultation Public Notices advertising the consultation were placed on parish notice boards and a notification was placed on the Rame Peninsula NDP Facebook page.</p>	
<p>Receipt of draft NDP by LPA</p>	<p>The draft plan should include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. a map or statement identifying the area to which the plan relates, 2. the consultation statement - which contains details of those consulted, how they were consulted, summarises the main issues and concerns raised and how these have been considered, and where relevant addressed in the proposed NDP, 3. the proposed NDP, 4. a statement explaining how the NDP meets the 'basic conditions' i.e. requirements of para 8 schedule 4B to the 1990 Act 5. Where appropriate, the information to enable appropriate environmental assessments if required 	<p>Regulation 15</p> <p>The Conservation of Habitats and</p>	<p>Documents received 12^h July 2016</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Plan contains map 2. Consultation statement received which covers these points 3. Plan received 4. Basic conditions statement included 5. Screening Opinion undertaken – November 2015. Statutory consultee opinion from Natural England confirmed that an SEA and HRA would be required. Extensive discussions took place with Natural England regarding potential impacts 	<p>Yes</p>

	e.g. that will enable the LPA to make an assessment under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 where the plan proposal is likely to have significant effects on a European site or European offshore marine site, or the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004	Species Regulations 2010 as amended by Schedule 2 of the Neighbourhood Planning General Regulations) 2012. i.e Regs 102 and 102A	of the Plan and have resulted in amendments to policies 12 and 14. The Plan was re-screened on 27 th June 2016 and the statutory consultees confirmed an SEA and HRA was not required.	
Reasons for a LPA declining to consider the proposal for the NDP	The LPA can decline to consider a plan proposal if it is a repeat, and notify the body of that fact and their reasons for declining.	1990 Act Schedule 4B para 5 And Regulation 18	N/A	N/A
Criteria that the LPA must consider when assessing a neighbourhood plan	The LPA must consider: 1. whether the parish council is authorised to act 2. whether the proposal and accompanying documents a. comply with the rules for submission to the LPA b. meet the 'definition of an NDP' and c. meet the 'scope of NDP provisions', and 3. whether the parish council has undertaken the correct procedures in relation to consultation and publicity	1990 Act Schedule 4B para 6 38 A and B	1. Yes – see area application above 2. Yes – see ' Receipt of Draft NDP by LPA' above b. Plan meets definition (See above) c. Plan meets Scope of provisions (see above) 3. See pre-submission consultation - - Basic Conditions Statement and Consultation Statement submitted	Yes
LPA decision grounds for refusal	The LPA can refuse to take forward a plan proposal if any of the criteria above do not apply	1990 Act Schedule 4B Para 6 (4) (b)	N/A	N/A
Notification of the LPA's	The LPA must notify the parish council whether or not they are satisfied that the proposal complies with	1990 Act Schedule	<i>To be undertaken after Portfolio Holder Decision</i>	

decision	the criteria for a neighbourhood plan. Where it is not satisfied the LPA can refuse and must notify them of the reasons. It must also publicise its decision in a 'decision	4B para 6 (4) Regulation 19.		
Publicising the NDP Proposal	The LPA is required to publicise on its website : 1. the details of the plan, 2. where and when it can be inspected, 3. how to make representations on the plan proposals, 4. that a representation can include a request to be notified of the LPA decision on the plan proposal, and 5. the deadline for receipt of the proposals (this must be not less than 6 weeks from the first day the proposed plan is publicised). The LPA is required to notify the bodies referred to in the parish councils' consultation statement that the plan has been received as soon as possible.	Regulation 16	<i>To be undertaken after Portfolio Holder Decision</i>	
Appointment of Examiner	The LPA must consider whether the submitted draft neighbourhood plan meets the requirements set out in the 1990 Act and notify the qualifying body as to whether or not they are satisfied (see above section on criteria). Once satisfied the LPA appoints an independent examiner with the consent of the parish council or submitting the plan. (If there is no agreement the Secretary of State can appoint).	1990 Act Schedule 4B para 6	<i>To be undertaken after Portfolio Holder Decision</i>	